



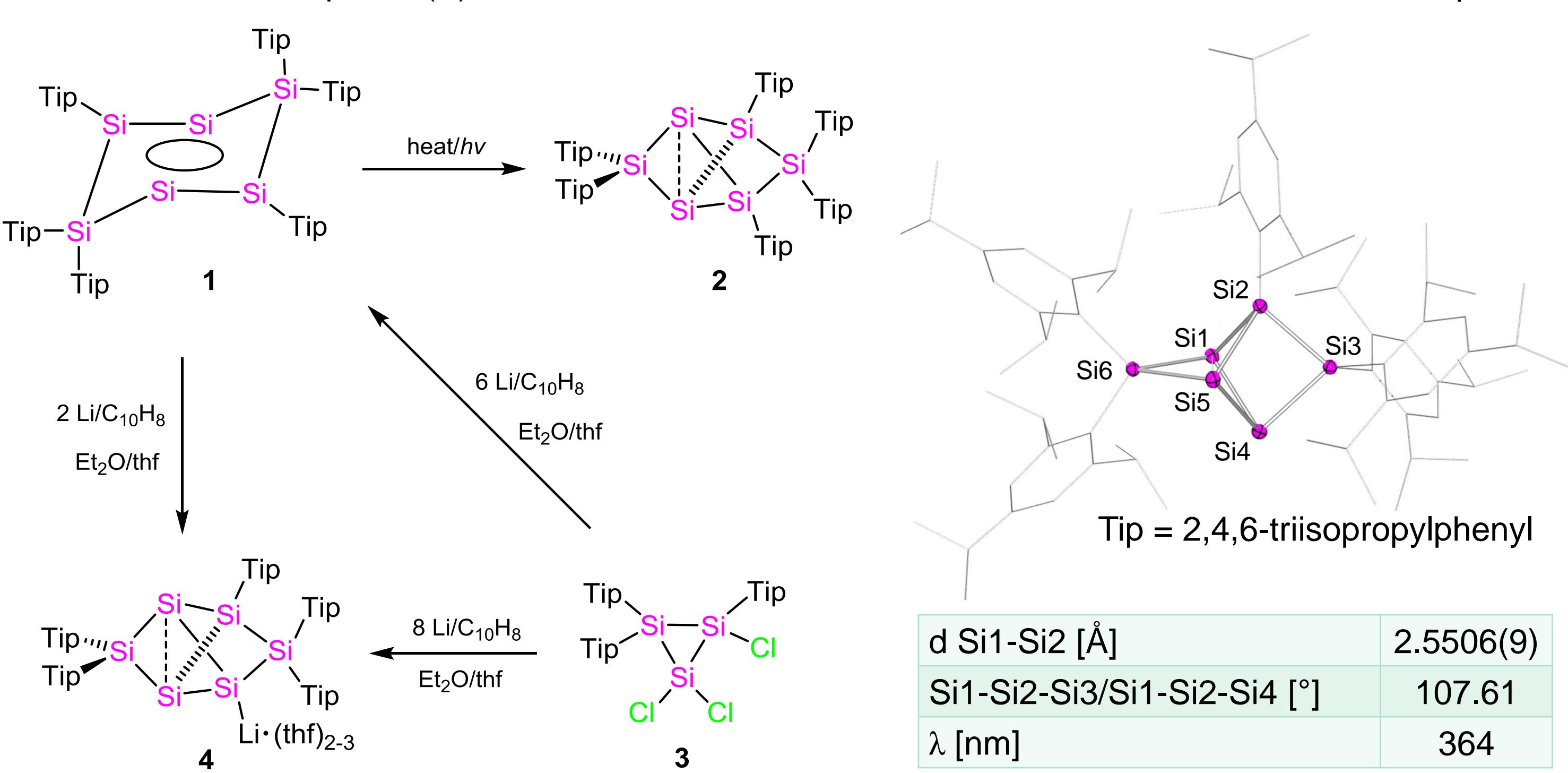
Functionalization and Cluster Expansion of a Si₆ Cluster (Siliconoids)

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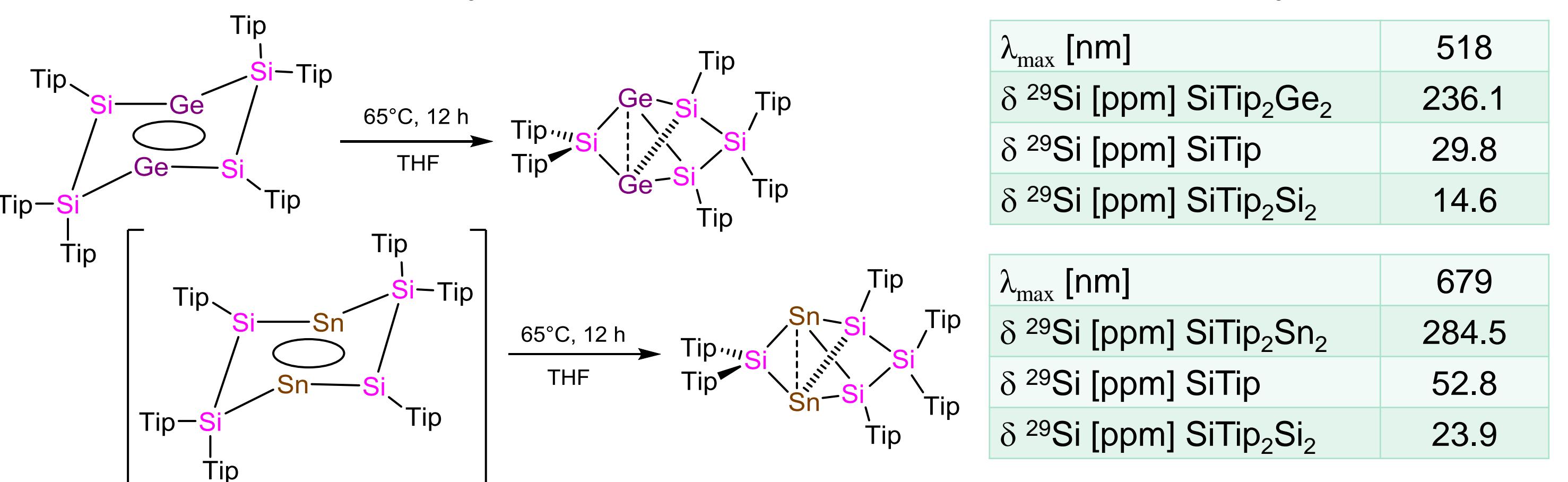


Introduction

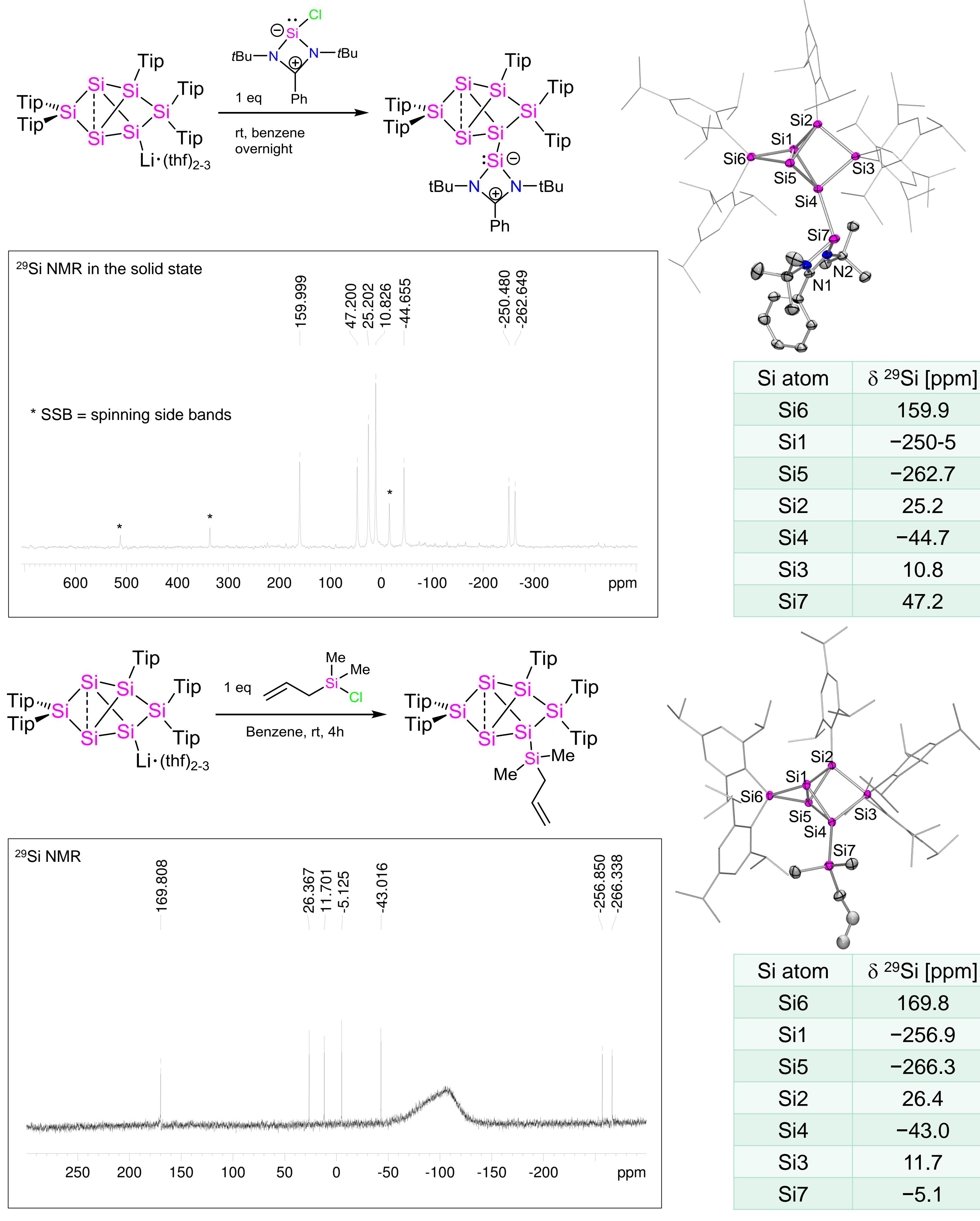
Siliconoids are unsaturated, partially unsubstituted neutral silicon clusters[1], which are similar to silicon surface materials at molecular regimes concerning their characteristic structural properties. These clusters typically contain one or several unsubstituted vertices[2], which confers unusually pronounced electronic anisotropies, already known from the dismutational hexasilabenzeno isomer[3]. **1**. A rearrangement of the silicon atoms leads to the bridged propellane[4] structure **2**. The incorporation into extended systems is currently limited by the scarceness of stable functionalized derivatives. Recently, the synthesis of anionic Si₆Tip₅⁻ siliconoids and the reaction with different electrophiles under preservation of the cluster's structure was reported[5]. Main attention of this work is the synthesis, isolation and characterization of different functionalized Si₆Tip₅E siliconoids by conversion of an anionic Si₆Tip₅⁻ siliconoid with suitable electrophiles (E).



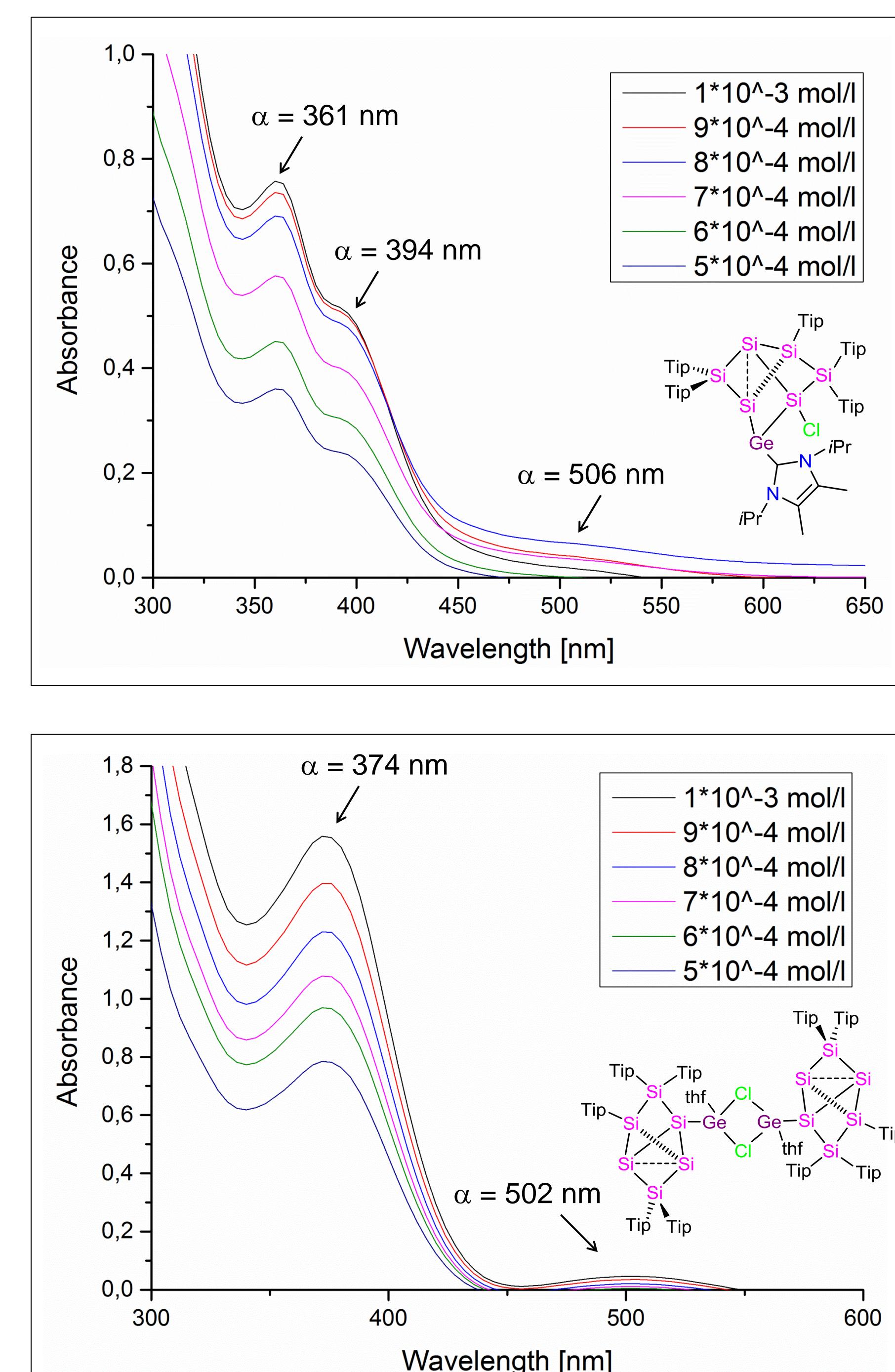
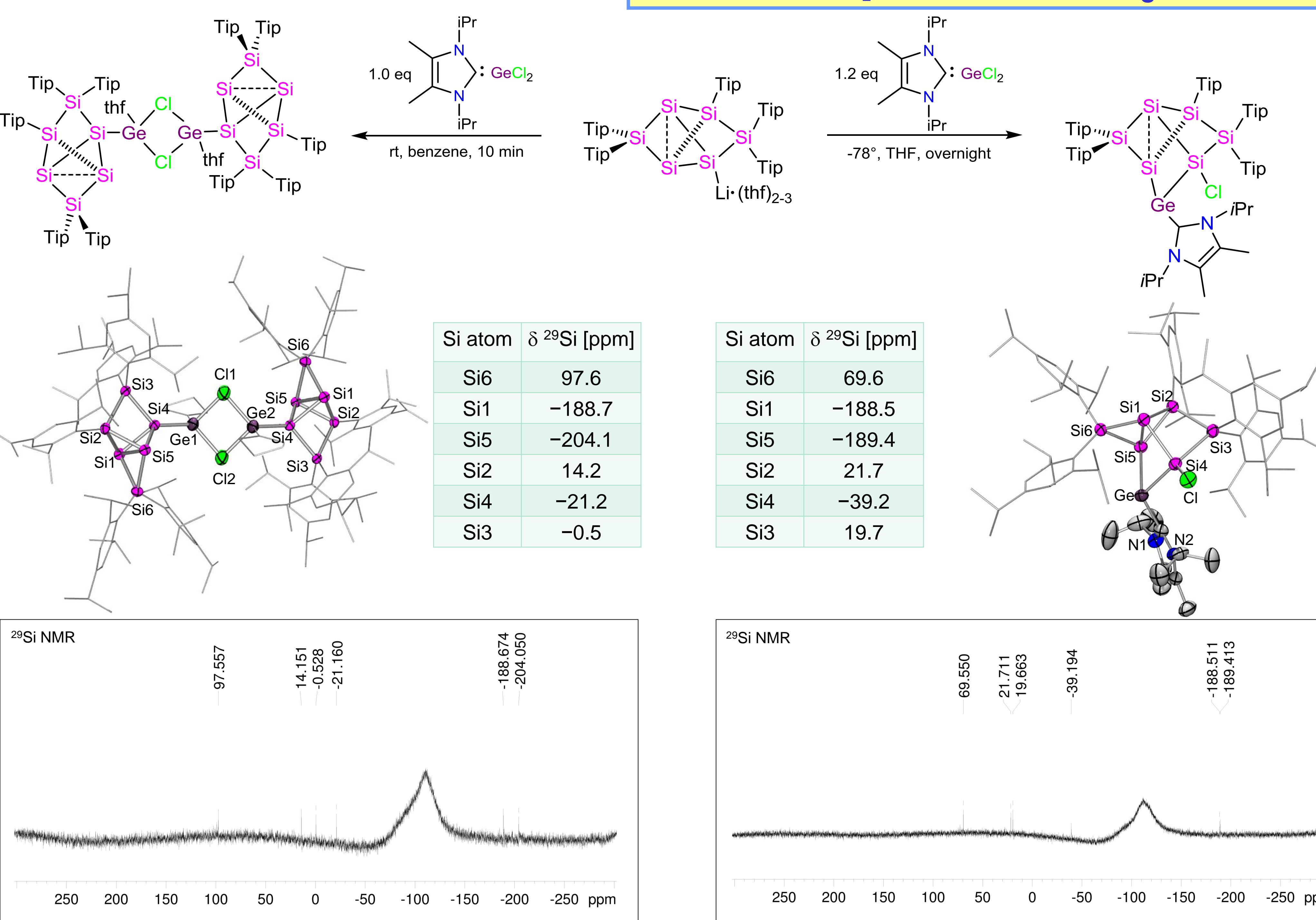
Inspired by the synthesis of dismutational isomer **1**, partially germanium- and tin- substituted species were also investigated in the Scheschkewitz group and were found as Ge₂Si₄ and Sn₂Si₄[6]. In 2013, Fässler et al. published the synthesis of mixed Si/Ge Zintl clusters[7] and here we present the synthesis and structure of a Si₆Ge cluster as a result of a cluster expansion of the Si₆ siliconoid.



Functionalization of a Si₆ Cluster



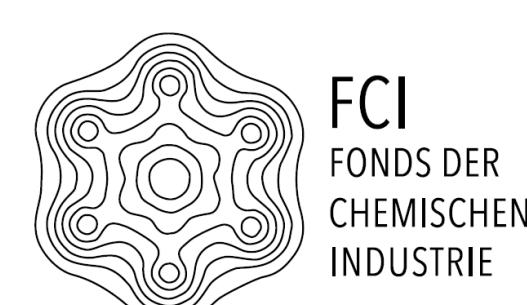
Cluster Expansion of a Si₆ Cluster



Acknowledgements

Deutsche
Forschungsgemeinschaft
DFG

EPSRC
Engineering and Physical Sciences
Research Council



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