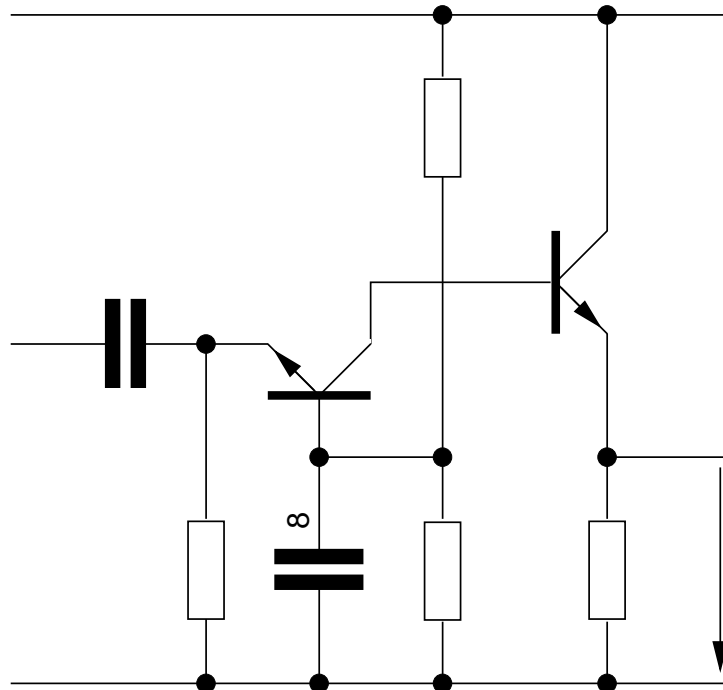


Aufgabe A)

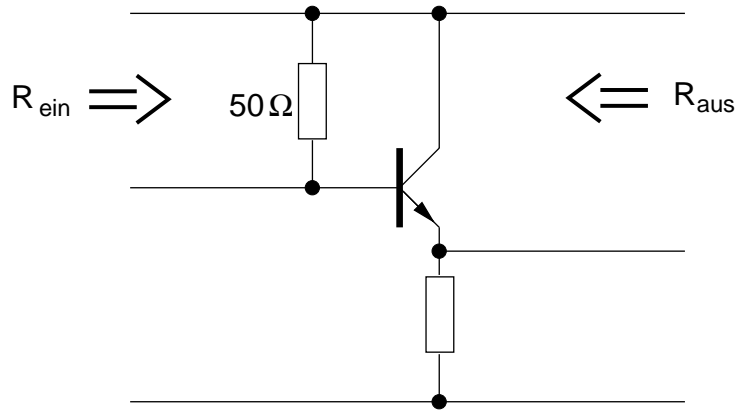
	EGS	KGS	BGS
R_{ein}	$\beta r_e + r_b$ mittel	$\beta(R_L + r_e) + r_e$ gross	$r_e + \frac{r_b}{\beta}$ klein
R_{aus}	$\frac{1}{g_0}$ gross	$\frac{R_G + r_b}{\beta} + r_e$ klein	$\gg \frac{1}{g_0}$ sehr gross

- kleiner Eingangswiderstand \Rightarrow BGS
- kleiner Ausgangswiderstand \Rightarrow KGS
- kleiner Ein- und Ausgangswiderstand

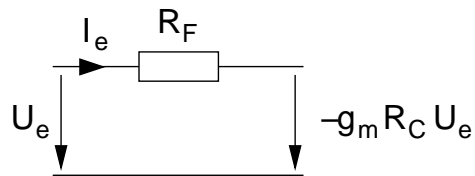
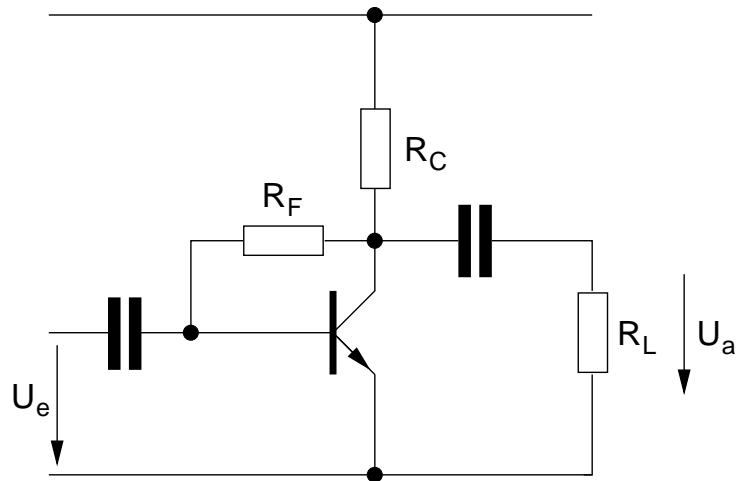
a.) Kombination von BGS + KGS, ...



b.) ... als Schaltung mit einem Transistor ...

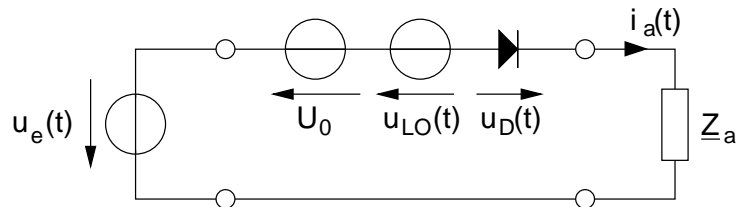


c.) ... oder als rückgekoppelte Schaltung:



$$I_e = \frac{U_e + g_m R_C U_e}{R_F}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{ein} = \frac{U_e}{I_e} = \frac{U_e R_F}{U_e (1 + g_m R_C)} = \frac{R_F}{1 + g_m R_C}$$

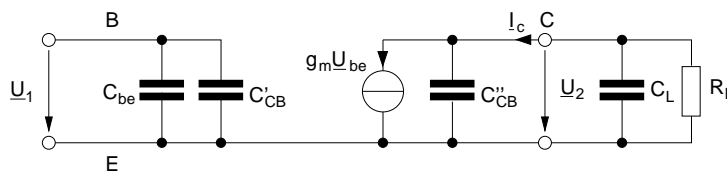
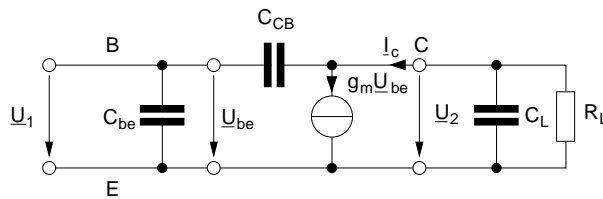
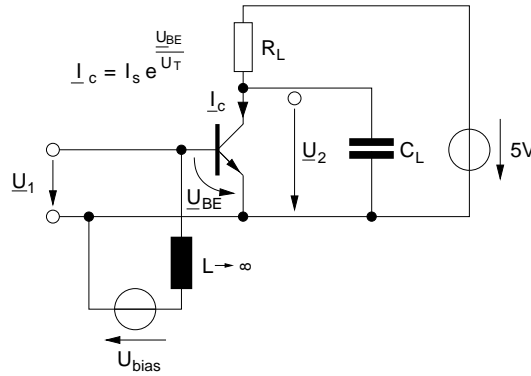
Aufgabe B)

Maschenumlauf für $Z_a = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_D(t) &= U_0 + u_e(t) + u_{LO}(t) \\
 &= U_0 + \underbrace{u \cdot \cos(\omega_u t) + v \cdot \cos(\omega_v t)}_{\Delta u} \\
 i_a(t) &= i_D(t) \approx a_0 + a_1 \Delta u + a_2 \Delta u^2 + a_3 \Delta u^3 \\
 &\Rightarrow \text{siehe Skript S. 87ff}
 \end{aligned}$$

Aufgabe C)

1)



$$C_L \gg C_{CB}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_C = g_m U_1 = -\frac{1}{Z_L} U_2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \underline{V}_U = \frac{U_2}{U_1} = -g_m Z_L$$

$$Z_L = R_L \parallel C_L = \frac{R_L \frac{1}{j\omega C_L}}{R_L + \frac{1}{j\omega C_L}} = \frac{R_L}{1 + j\omega C_L R_L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{V}_U = -\frac{g_m R_L}{1 + j\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}}, \quad \text{mit } \omega_0 = \frac{1}{R_L C_L}$$

2)3)

$$\begin{aligned} g_m &= \frac{I_C}{U_T} = \frac{I_S e^{\frac{U_{be}}{U_T}}}{U_T} \\ &= \frac{10^{-16} \text{ A } e^{\frac{800 \text{ mV}}{26 \text{ mV}}}}{26 \text{ mV}} = 0,0887 \text{ S} \end{aligned}$$

$$f_0 = \frac{\omega_0}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_L C_L}$$

$$f_0(R_L = 10 \Omega) = 160 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_0(R_L = 100 \Omega) = 16 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f_0(R_L = 1000 \Omega) = 1,6 \text{ MHz}$$

$$|\underline{V}_{U0}(R_L = 10 \Omega)| = 20 \log(g_m 10 \Omega) = -1 \text{ dB}$$

$$|\underline{V}_{U0}(R_L = 100 \Omega)| = 20 \log(g_m 100 \Omega) = 18,9 \text{ dB}$$

$$|\underline{V}_{U0}(R_L = 1000 \Omega)| = 20 \log(g_m 1000 \Omega) = 39 \text{ dB}$$

